

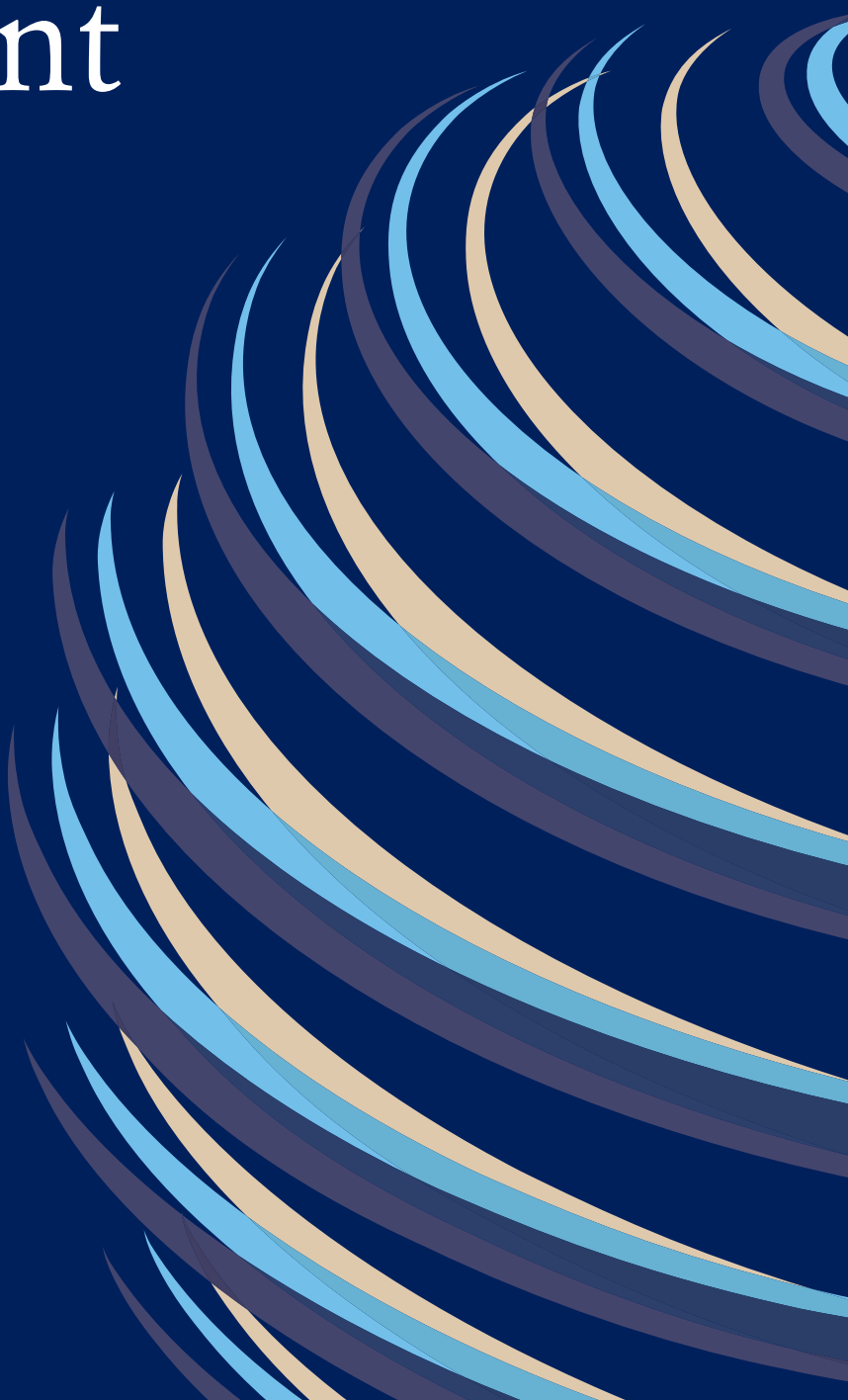
Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

Mondrian Investment Partners

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Mondrian Investment Partners Limited
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Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority



Introduction

Mondrian Investment Partners Limited (“Mondrian”) is a registered investment adviser with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) pursuant to the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended, (the “Advisers Act”) and is authorised and regulated in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority. Mondrian provides investment advisory services to various types of clients such as registered and unregistered commingled funds, defined benefit plans, defined contribution plans, private and public pension funds, foundations, endowment funds and other types of institutional investors.

Mondrian pursues an active investment management approach. As long-term investors, stewardship considerations are part of the initial purchase decision, subsequent monitoring of an investment and ongoing dialogue with an investee company. All of Mondrian’s fundamental equity investment products are driven by extensive, bottom-up fundamental company analysis and comprehensive engagement that includes active participation through the proxy voting process.

Mondrian has developed the following Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures (the “Procedures”) in accordance with Rule 206(4)-6 of the Advisers Act to enable it to meet its fiduciary obligation to vote proxies in the best interests of its clients.

Voting Authority

Mondrian’s client agreements define the scope of its authority and responsibilities to vote proxies on behalf of each client.

These typically fall into four categories:

1. Clients that delegate full discretion to Mondrian to vote proxies on their behalf
2. Clients that vary the scope of Mondrian’s voting authority by imposing specific guidelines
3. Clients that receive proxy voting advice from Mondrian in specific circumstances but undertake voting themselves
4. Clients that undertake to vote proxies themselves

Mondrian’s proxy voting procedures apply to all clients who grant discretion to vote proxies on their behalf. Where clients have adopted specific proxy voting policies, Mondrian will assess the extent to which they are consistent with its adopted guidelines. Where a client’s own proxy voting policy diverges significantly from Mondrian’s own guidelines, that client’s policy will be considered separately in order to vote those client’s proxies pursuant to their individual guidelines.

Proxy Voting Committee

Mondrian has established a Proxy Voting Committee (“the Committee”) to oversee the proxy voting process and ensure client proxies are voted according to the Procedures. The Committee consists of senior equity investment and operational staff. The Committee will meet as necessary to enable Mondrian to fulfil its fiduciary duty to vote proxies for clients.

General Voting Principles

Mondrian is committed to voting all proxies where possible. Mondrian’s aim is to vote in the best interests of all clients, providing overall value to clients by focusing on risk-adjusted returns and maximising the value of the underlying company shares. Recognising that proposals may be unique to a specific company’s circumstances, Mondrian does not have a default voting position. It votes proposals based on the merit of the proposal itself on a case-by-case basis. Each motion is reviewed by a portfolio manager from the investment team responsible for research coverage of that stock. This includes matters to be voted on related to social and environmental items, including climate change. Mondrian will typically support management for shareholder proposals but will still review each proposal on a case-by-case basis.

Proxy Voting Guidelines

Mondrian contracts with a Proxy Voting Adviser for the provision of voting advice and to facilitate the process of voting proxies. Proxy Voting Advisers commonly produce guidelines for proxy voting (“the Guidelines”) that summarise their approach to voting on commonly occurring issues. The Committee reviews these Guidelines annually to determine whether voting proxies pursuant to the Guidelines is in the best interests of clients. If the Guidelines remain consistent with Mondrian’s fiduciary duty and expectations for good corporate governance, Mondrian will adopt the Guidelines as the basis for its own proxy voting policy.

Mondrian may vote certain issues counter to the Guidelines if, after a thorough review, it determines that a client’s best interests would be served by such a vote. In situations where the Guidelines do not cover a specific voting issue, Mondrian will vote on such issues in a manner consistent with the spirit of the Guidelines and that promotes the best interests of the client.

Mondrian has appointed Institutional Shareholder Services (“ISS”) as its Proxy Voting Adviser in 2024. Details of the Proxy Adviser’s voting guidelines are published on their website (<https://www.issgovernance.com/policy-gateway/voting-policies/>). Mondrian has procedures to monitor and evaluate the performance of its Proxy Voting Adviser to ensure Mondrian’s ongoing ability to cast votes in the best interest of its clients.

Determining the Proxy Voting Procedures

The Committee reviews and approves the Procedures on a yearly basis. The Procedures are reviewed during the first quarter of the year and may be reviewed at other times as necessary. When reviewing the Procedures, the Committee seeks to establish if the Procedures are consistent with the goal of voting in the best interests of all clients and maximising the value of the underlying shares. The Committee will also review the Procedures to ensure compliance with rules promulgated by the SEC and other relevant regulatory bodies. After the Procedures are approved by the Committee, Mondrian will vote proxies or give advice on voting proxies in accordance with such Procedures.

Procedure for Voting Proxies

Mondrian authorises and instructs client custodians to forward proxy materials to Mondrian’s Proxy Voting Adviser to enable them to vote the proxies. Mondrian provides the Proxy Adviser with a list of client accounts and security holdings to make the adviser aware of which proxies it will vote on. This list of clients and client holdings is regularly updated.

For active equity products, proxy voting items are forwarded to the investment teams when they are received. Mondrian does not have a default voting position. Each motion is reviewed by a portfolio manager from the investment team responsible for research coverage of that stock. This includes matters to be voted on related to social and environmental items, including climate change. Mondrian will typically support management for shareholder proposals but will still review each proposal on a case-by-case basis. The portfolio manager considers each motion, taking into account the relevant facts and circumstances that apply to that company, the Proxy Voting Adviser’s recommendation and any conflicts of interest that may exist. Where voting items are more complex, the portfolio manager will conduct further research and analysis as necessary to determine the voting action that is in the best interests of the client. In conducting the review, portfolio managers consider the advice of the Proxy Voting Adviser critically and are watchful for material errors of fact or methodology, particularly where these impact the voting recommendation. Where the portfolio manager’s review identifies potential errors or omissions in advice, they may conduct further research, including, but not limited to engaging with the company to gather further information, engaging with the Proxy Voting Adviser and reviewing such other Proxy Adviser’s advice that may be available to us. As a result of this engagement, Proxy Voting Advisers may issue updated advice and recommendations. Any material inaccuracies, methodological weakness, potential factual errors, and deficiencies in the Proxy Voting Advisers’ advice will be addressed to them at the time, during periodic service reviews and escalated to the Committee as part of its performance evaluation.

Where Mondrian's analysis indicates that it is in the client's best interests to vote contrary to the Proxy Adviser's recommendation, Mondrian has Procedures to ensure that a proxy is exercised in accordance with our Guidelines, uninfluenced by considerations other than the best interests of our portfolios. In such circumstances, it is the responsibility of the product's Chief Investment Officer ("CIO") to ensure the vote is consistent with Mondrian's Procedures.

Mondrian's systematic equity portfolios will generally follow the Proxy Voting Adviser's recommendation. Periodic sampling of their recommendations is conducted to ensure the recommendations are based on accurate information and are in clients' best interests.

All proxy voting decisions are actioned using an online platform (Sunrise) before being sent to the Proxy Voting Adviser and the client's custodian. This mitigates the risks the pre-population of votes and ensures good record keeping practices. Sunrise is a multi-purpose workflow management tool which houses the audit trail for all votes including the portfolio manager decision.

Mondrian will attempt to vote every proxy which they or their agents receive where we have authority to do so. However, there are situations in which Mondrian may not be able to process a proxy. For example, Mondrian may not have sufficient time to process a vote because it or its agents received a proxy statement in an untimely manner. Use of a proxy voting service and relationships with multiple custodians help avoid a situation where Mondrian is unable to vote a proxy.

Exceptions to Proxy Voting Procedure:

Shareblocking

In a number of countries in which Mondrian invests client assets, local laws require the imposition of a trading block on shareholders once they have voted their proxies in relation to companies registered in that country. These trading blocks are usually for a defined period and can be for a number of weeks. Mondrian believes that in certain circumstances it is in the client's greater interest to retain the ability to sell the shares rather than to participate in the proxy vote. In such countries, provided that the criteria set out below are met, neither registration to vote for a specific proxy nor the approval of the Proxy Voting Committee for a "no vote" decision will be required. The following criteria must be met before a "no vote" decision may be made:

- the Mondrian analyst does not consider the proxy items to be material
- a "no vote" decision by Mondrian would be unlikely to impact the outcome of the vote
- the Mondrian analyst is not aware of any conflicts of interest in deciding not to vote
- there is a possibility that Mondrian will wish to sell the shares in the near future
- the Mondrian analyst is satisfied that by not voting, the clients would not be disadvantaged relative to the risk of not being able to sell the shares during the share blocking period, and
- a record is made justifying the decision.

Qatar

Qatar's commercial code now states that voting must be done in person at the AGM. This may limit Mondrian's ability to vote in this region.

Conflicts of Interest

In certain circumstances, Mondrian may have a relationship with an issuer that could pose a conflict of interest when voting the shares of that issuer on behalf of clients. A potential conflict of interest may exist if:

1. An employee of Mondrian or a director of Mondrian is a director, trustee or officer of the issuer or one of its affiliates.
2. Mondrian is actively soliciting investment advisory business from the issuer soliciting the proxy, or the CIO of the investment team, relevant analyst or member of the Proxy Voting Committee who recommends, reviews or authorizes a vote has actual knowledge of such active solicitation.
3. A Mondrian employee or director has a personal interest in the outcome of a particular matter before shareholders (for example, a member of the Proxy Voting Committee who recommends, reviews or authorizes the vote has a personal relationship or a relative who serves as a director of the company in question).
4. Any other (potential) relationship or an employee of Mondrian exists that may be affected by the outcome of the proxy vote, and that relationship deems to be an actual or potential conflict for the purposes of this Proxy Voting Policy.

There are a number of oversight and compliance monitoring functions incorporated into Mondrian's Procedures to detect and assess that material conflicts of interests are disclosed and monitored.

Mondrian has established these procedures to manage material conflicts of interest arising from proxy voting issues. Where Mondrian is considering voting a proxy contrary to the Proxy Adviser's recommendation and a conflict of interest has been identified, the Committee will assess the issue to ensure the decision is uninfluenced by considerations other than the best interests of all relevant portfolios. The Committee will review the proxy voting materials and recommendation provided by the proxy voting adviser to determine how to vote the issue in a manner which the Committee believe is consistent with Mondrian's Procedures.

Where proxy voting decisions are referred to the Committee, any members from investment teams that are invested in that stock will be recused from the Committee for that decision and alternates appointed in their place.

Mondrian will review, as part of its due diligence process and on an ongoing basis, that proxy voting advisers have robust policies and procedures to identify and address conflicts of interest. The Proxy Adviser has undertaken to disclose to Mondrian material conflicts of interest on an issuer level when a voting recommendation is received and provide a list of material conflicts of interest each quarter. Such conflicts include those relating to, but not limited to, provision of proxy voting recommendations or activities and services other than providing proxy voting recommendations (includes conflicts presented by certain affiliations, third parties with significant influence taking a position in a voting issue, conflicts where the Proxy Adviser provides consulting services to an issuer and in turn receives compensation).

Oversight of Proxy Voting Advisers

Procedures for appointing and monitoring a Proxy Voting Advisory Firm

Mondrian utilises a third-party firm to provide proxy voting advice and facilitate the proxy voting process. Mondrian conducts a due diligence process review prior to appointing and renewing contracts with a Proxy Adviser. Mondrian will continuously assess the Proxy Adviser in their capacity to provide proxy voting services, addressing any concerns as they arise and where necessary, escalating these concerns to the Committee.

Mondrian's due diligence procedures consider factors including, but not limited to, the adviser's capacity and competency to adequately discharge contracted services, disclosure on methods for formulating voting recommendations, procedures to identify and correct material deficiencies and provide updates regarding its methodologies, guidelines, and voting recommendations on an ongoing basis, including relevant business changes.

Mondrian maintains a Vendor Oversight Matrix as part of its Risk Management process. This is included as part of the Risk Management reporting which is assessed by the Compliance and Risk Committee and the Board of Directors. Proxy Advisers are risk rated and ongoing due diligence is based on this risk rating.

Compliance Monitoring Review

Mondrian's Compliance and Risk team carries out periodic reviews to ensure that proxy votes are in accordance with its proxy voting policy and procedures. The reviews include:

- Checking that adopted and implemented Procedures for voting proxies are properly documented;
- Examining the integrity and the robustness of the Procedures, including accurate retention of records documenting voting decisions and ensuring votes cast are in accordance with these decisions;
- Ensuring that conflicts of interest are clearly identified, disclosed and managed in accordance with the Procedures;
- Reviewing sample votes to validate whether the Procedures were complied with, including where more analysis was needed on more complex motions (e.g. mergers); sampling votes where client has specific guidelines and evaluating that client specified policies were complied with.

Availability of Proxy Voting Information and Recordkeeping

Mondrian's Proxy Voting Policy and Procedures are provided to clients at the inception of a relationship and are available in Mondrian's ADV and on Mondrian's website.

Clients may request information on how their proxies were voted from Mondrian at any time. Mondrian retains extensive records regarding proxy voting on behalf of clients. Mondrian will keep records of the following items: (i) the Procedures; (ii) proxy statements received regarding client securities; (iii) records of votes cast on behalf of Mondrian's clients; (iv) records of a client's written request for information on how Mondrian voted proxies for the client, and any Mondrian written response to an oral or written client request for information on how Mondrian voted proxies for the client; and (v) any documents prepared by Mondrian that were material to making a decision on how to vote or that memorialised the basis for that decision. These records will be maintained for at least five years.

In accordance with the FCA Shareholder Rights Directive, Mondrian publicly discloses its voting records for the reporting period on its website.

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